## The Quest for Charge Transport in single Adsorbed Long DNA-Based Molecules

Institute of Chemistry and Center for Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Israel



DNA and DNA-based polymers have been at the focus of molecular electronics owing to their programmable structural versatility. The variability in the measured molecules and experimental setups, caused largely by the contact problem, has produced a wide range of partial or seemingly contradictory results, highlighting the challenge to transport significant current through individual DNA-based molecules. A well-controlled experiment that would provide clear insight into the charge transport mechanism through a single long molecule deposited on a hard substrate has never been accomplished. In this lecture I will report on detailed and reproducible charge transport in G4-DNA, adsorbed on a mica substrate. Using a novel benchmark process for testing molecular conductance in single polymer wires, we observed currents of tens to over 100 pA in many G4-DNA molecules over distances ranging from tens to over 100 nm, compatible with a long-range thermal hopping between multi-tetrad segments. With this report, we answer a long-standing question about the ability of individual polymers to transport significant current over long distances when adsorbed a hard substrate, and its mechanism. These results may re-ignite the interest in DNAbased wires and devices towards a practical implementation of these wires in programmable circuits.

References

- "Direct measurement of electrical transport through DNA molecules", Danny Porath, Alexey Bezryadin, Simon de Vries and Cees Dekker, Nature 403, 635 (2000). Cited 1281 times
- [2] "Charge Transport in DNA-based Devices", Danny Porath, Rosa Di Felice and Gianaurelio Cuniberti, Topics in Current Chemistry Vol. 237, pp. 183-228 Ed. Gary Shuster. Springer Verlag, 2004. Cited 191 times
- [3] "Direct Measurement of Electrical Transport Through Single DNA Molecules of Complex Sequence", Hezy Cohen, Claude Nogues, Ron Naaman and Danny Porath, PNAS 102, 11589 (2005). Cited 190 times
- [4] "Long Monomolecular G4-DNA Nanowires", Alexander Kotlyar, Nataly Borovok, Tatiana Molotsky, Hezy Cohen, Errez Shapir and Danny Porath, Advanced Materials 17, 1901 (2005). Cited 69 times
- [5] "Electrical characterization of self-assembled single- and double-stranded DNA monolayers using conductive AFM", Hezy Cohen et al., Faraday Discussions 131, 367 (2006). Cited 42 times
- [6] "High-Resolution STM Imaging of Novel Poly(G)-Poly(C)DNA Molecules", Errez Shapir, Hezy Cohen, Natalia Borovok, Alexander B. Kotlyar and Danny Porath, J. Phys. Chem. B 110, 4430 (2006). Cited 22 times
- [7] "Polarizability of G4-DNA Observed by Electrostatic Force Microscopy Measurements", Hezy Cohen et al., Nano Letters 7(4), 981 (2007). Cited 55 times
- [8] "Electronic structure of single DNA molecules resolved by transverse scanning tunneling spectroscopy", Errez Shapir et al., Nature Materials 7, 68 (2008). Cited 84 times
- [9] "A DNA sequence scanned", Danny Porath, Nature Nanotechnology 4, 476 (2009).
- [10] "The Electronic Structure of G4-DNA by Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy", Errez Shapir, et.al., J. Phys. Chem. C 114, 22079 (2010).
- [11] "Energy gap reduction in DNA by complexation with metal ions", Errez Shapir, G. Brancolini, Tatiana Molotsky, Alexander B. Kotlyar, Rosa Di Felice, and Danny Porath, Advanced Maerials 23, 4290 (2011).
- [12] "Quasi 3D imaging of DNA-gold nanoparticle tetrahedral structures", Avigail Stern, Dvir Rotem, Inna Popov and Danny Porath, J. Phys. Cond. Mat. 24, 164203 (2012).
- [13] "Comparative electrostatic force microscopy of tetra- and intra-molecular G4-DNA", Gideon I. Livshits, Jamal Ghabboun, Natalia Borovok, Alexander B. Kotlyar, Danny Porath, Advanced materials 26, 4981 (2014).
- [14] "Long-range charge transport in single G4-DNA molecules", Gideon I. Livshits et. al., Nature Nanotechnology 9, 1040 (2014).

danny.porath@mail.huji.ac.il